

(i) $Z(t,x) \rightarrow \xi(t)$ as $D \rightarrow \infty$
 Kondo and M.(2015)

(ii) $\xi_t = R\xi \left(\frac{1}{L} \int_0^L P dx - \frac{\mu}{L} \int_0^L X dx - 1 \right)$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} P_t = P \left(1 - \frac{P+aX}{K} - Z \right) + P_{xx} \\ X_t = X \left(1 - \frac{X+bP}{K} - d(\mu)Z \right) + X_{xx} \\ Z_t = RZ(P - \mu X - 1) + DZ_{xx}, \\ P_x = X_x = Z_x = 0, \quad t > 0, x = 0, L \end{array} \right. \quad t > 0, 0 < x < L$$

(SS) $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} P_t = P \left(1 - \frac{P+aX}{K} - \xi \right) + P_{xx} \\ X_t = X \left(1 - \frac{X+bP}{K} - d(\mu)\xi \right) + X_{xx}, \\ \xi_t = R\xi \left(\frac{1}{L} \int_0^L P dx - \frac{\mu}{L} \int_0^L X dx - 1 \right) \\ (P_x, X_x)(t, 0) = (0, 0) = (P_x, X_x)(t, L), \\ (P(0,x), X(0,x), \xi(0)) = (P_0(x), X_0(x), \langle Z_0 \rangle) \end{array} \right. \quad t > 0, 0 < x < L$

spatial average of Z_0